

Notifiable Infectious Diseases Reports

Reported Cases and Deaths of National Notifiable Infectious Diseases — China, November 2022

Diseases	Cases	Deaths
Plague	0	0
Cholera	0	0
SARS-CoV	0	0
Acquired immune deficiency syndrome*	4,299	1,458
Hepatitis	104,438	53
Hepatitis A	749	0
Hepatitis B	86,371	32
Hepatitis C	15,057	20
Hepatitis D	10	0
Hepatitis E	1,732	1
Other hepatitis	519	0
Poliomyelitis	0	0
Human infection with H5N1 virus	0	0
Measles	82	0
Epidemic hemorrhagic fever	895	5
Rabies	16	8
Japanese encephalitis	1	1
Dengue	174	0
Anthrax	23	0
Dysentery	1,975	1
Tuberculosis	48,352	333
Typhoid fever and paratyphoid fever	419	0
Meningococcal meningitis	4	1
Pertussis	2,160	0
Diphtheria	0	0
Neonatal tetanus	1	0
Scarlet fever	1,896	0
Brucellosis	2,569	0
Gonorrhea	7,630	0
Syphilis	35,152	3
Leptospirosis	10	0
Schistosomiasis	8	0
Malaria	74	0
Human infection with H7N9 virus	0	0
COVID-19†	62,723	7
Influenza	82,663	0
Mumps	8,702	0

Continued

Diseases	Cases	Deaths
Rubella	120	0
Acute hemorrhagic conjunctivitis	1,738	0
Leprosy	20	0
Typhus	116	0
Kala azar	11	0
Echinococcosis	97	0
Filariasis	0	0
Infectious diarrhea [§]	50,972	0
Hand, foot and mouth disease	50,633	0
Total	467,973	1,870

* The number of deaths of acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) is the number of all-cause deaths reported in the month by cumulative reported AIDS patients.

† According to the data from website of the National Health Commission of the People's Republic of China, the number of COVID-19 cases in the whole country in October was 63,180 cases, which included 267 cases from Hong Kong Special Administrative Regions, Macao Special Administrative Regions, and Taiwan, and 190 imported foreign cases. 7 deaths were reported.

§ Infectious diarrhea excludes cholera, dysentery, typhoid fever and paratyphoid fever.

The number of cases and cause-specific deaths refer to data recorded in National Notifiable Disease Reporting System in China, which includes both clinically-diagnosed cases and laboratory-confirmed cases. Only reported cases of the 31 provincial-level administrative divisions in the mainland of China are included in the table, whereas data of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, Macau Special Administrative Region, and Taiwan, China are not included. Monthly statistics are calculated without annual verification, which were usually conducted in February of the next year for de-duplication and verification of reported cases in annual statistics. Therefore, 12-month cases could not be added together directly to calculate the cumulative cases because the individual information might be verified via National Notifiable Disease Reporting System according to information verification or field investigations by local CDCs.

doi: [10.46234/ccdcw2022.234](https://doi.org/10.46234/ccdcw2022.234)